Professional Portfolio Candidate Handbook

Professional Portfolio Requirements

Defining the Professional Portfolio

The University of Arkansas at Monticello (UAM), School of Education professional portfolio is a collection of artifacts, evidence, and reflections. This collection documents the teacher candidate's performance, competence, accomplishments, professional growth, and learning. The portfolio is guided by the five strands of the UAM School of Education Conceptual Framework, Interstate New Teacher Assessment and Support Consortium (INTASC) Standards, Specialty Program Association (SPA) standards, and the UAM Teacher Preparation Program Goals. The program goals are based upon the Pathwise Observation Model developed and copyrighted by Educational Testing Service and adopted by the Arkansas Department of Education.

Construction of the professional portfolio will begin during *Clinical Internship*. The professional portfolio is a purposeful collection of work that exhibits the teacher candidate's efforts, progress, and achievements by fostering the development of self-assessment and reflective thinking. The process of reflecting and documenting what the candidate has learned contributes to the self-confidence and professional development of the candidate. The professional portfolio is an overview of the teacher candidate's performance, competence, accomplishments, professional growth, and learning that will guide the candidate as he or she matures into a professional educator.

Purpose of the Professional Portfolio

The portfolio is an overview of the candidate as a developing professional. The portfolio shows what the candidate has achieved and how he or she is progressing. The portfolio will reflect the candidate's overall teaching accomplishments and represent the candidate as a preservice teaching professional. The portfolio serves many specific purposes which include the following: 1) an instrument for continuous self-evaluation and reflection, which leads to improved teaching performance; 2) a means to ensure that INTASC, and SPA standards, as well as the five strands of the UAM Conceptual Framework and the UAM Teacher Preparation Program Goals are being met; 3) a method to help define a candidate's strengths and weaknesses and provide opportunities for university faculty and public school practitioners to guide the candidate toward improved teaching performance; 4) an authentic, performance-based framework within which to evaluate the work of the candidate; and 5) a tool for constructive feedback on the success of the candidate in the field.

The professional portfolio will be utilized by the UAM School of Education as an exit portfolio. In addition, the candidate may choose to use the portfolio as an interview tool. The portfolio will be used to monitor the performance of (INTASC, and SPA standards, UAM Conceptual Framework, and UAM Teacher Preparation Program Goals), and evaluate (Internship) the educator candidate.

The professional portfolio is a component of the assessment process established by the School of Education. The portfolio is not the responsibility of the faculty, advisor, university supervisor, or cooperating teachers. The educator candidate is responsible for the portfolio; however, the

portfolio does provide the structure for conversation and collaborative decision-making with peers, university faculty, public school faculty, cooperating teachers, and university supervisors. Additionally, the portfolio is used to assess the quality of the teacher education program.

Upon completion of the internship, the professional portfolio will be assessed by the university supervisor and cooperating teacher to determine if specific competencies, outcomes, and standards for the teacher preparation program have been met. The portfolio should be constructed in a way that the candidate will be able to utilize it in the pursuit of future professional employment opportunities.

Exit Portfolio

The electronic professional portfolio will be required as a component for successful completion of the UAM Teacher Preparation Program. The entries required in the portfolio will provide documentation of the candidate's growth and development toward performance standards, teacher education requirements, and commitment to the profession.

The portfolio will document the candidate's achievement in the four domains of teaching responsibilities for planning and preparation, classroom environment, instruction, and professional responsibilities as outlined in the UAM Teacher Preparation Goals. The internship is the capstone experience in the teacher preparation program, and the portfolio focuses on the collection of evidence and reflections based on the act of teaching during internship. The candidate will identify specific episodes of teaching, analyze them, and assess the effectiveness of his or her teaching performance and the outcomes relative to student learning.

The candidate will submit the Professional Portfolio for review at the completion of Clinical Internship II. An assigned committee will review the collection of evidence and score the portfolio using the Professional Portfolio Scoring Rubric. The portfolio will be assessed on content and form, evidence provided, and on the connections made among the evidence and the four domains of teaching responsibilities.

The candidate should connect the evidence to meaningful and successful learning experiences and outcomes that impact student learning. The results of this evaluation are forwarded to the candidate's files in the School of Education and data are gathered to evaluate candidate performance and assist the School of Education in making program improvements. The portfolio is the capstone document which provides a comprehensive collection of authentic evidence of the candidate's continuous growth, development, and construction of meaningful connections among theory, knowledge, performance, standards, and dispositions, that is, what a beginning teacher should know and be able to demonstrate.

The Cooperating Teacher's Role in the Portfolio Process

The candidate should request the cooperating teacher to review the portfolio regularly. It will be most helpful for the cooperating teacher to review the contents of the portfolio during the post-observation interview of each formative observation and the summative evaluation conference.

The portfolio should serve as a catalyst for dialogue and collaboration between the cooperating teacher and the candidate about good teaching practices. This collaboration should be highly personalized with the intent to promote self-reflection and the improvement of teaching skills.

The University Supervisor's Role in the Portfolio Process

The university supervisor serves as the primary link between the university and the local school environment. The university supervisor should review the contents of the portfolio on each visit and/or during the post-observation interview of each formative observation. The university supervisor will also check to ensure that <u>ALL</u> internship requirements are being met in a timely fashion and with professional quality. This collaboration should be highly personalized with the intent to promote self-reflection and the improvement of teaching skills on the candidate's part.

Format of the Web-Based Portfolio

The UAM School of Education professional portfolio will be produced in web-based format during Clinical Internship. The candidate will be required to purchase a Chalk and Wire account. The candidate will maintain an active Chalk and Wire account throughout the Clinical Internship. The candidate may obtain the Chalk and Wire account from the UAM Bookstore. In addition, the candidate will need access to a printer, scanner, Personal Computer, *Microsoft Word* and *PowerPoint*. A computer lab is available for candidate use in the School of Education.

Required Format for the Professional Portfolio

The following guidelines should be used to prepare all parts of your Professional Portfolio. This format will allow faculty/supervisors to efficiently review and score all Professional Portfolio tasks.

Portfolio Contents

- Resume
- Educational Philosophy
- Portfolio Tasks on one Pathwise lesson: The five tasks include: Context for Learning, Planning Instruction and Assessment, Instructing Students and Supporting Learning, Assessing Student Learning, and Reflecting on Teaching and Learning

The Professional Portfolio tasks must originate from one of the following observed lessons:

- Cooperating teacher formative lessons or
- University supervisor formative lessons

All five tasks listed on the **Overview of the Professional Portfolio** must be completed for the lesson chosen for the portfolio.

Commentaries Submitted on Paper

Commentaries are your written descriptive, analytic, and reflective responses to specific prompts in the Professional Portfolio directions. Commentaries should be in the following format.

- Typed or word processed; Font size should be at least 12 pt. size and Times New Roman
- Length kept within suggested page limits. Suggested page lengths are based on double spaced text, 1" margins, and include copies of the prompts.

Student Work Samples

Student work samples will be submitted in **Task 4. Assessing Student Learning.** Student work samples should be submitted in the following format.

- Select samples to meet the criteria indicated by the Professional Portfolio directions.
- Work samples should be written by the students.
- Names of students, yourself, and the school should be removed with correcting fluid, tape, or marker prior to copying/scanning. Label work samples as Work Sample 1, 2, or 3.

Documentation of Lessons

Documentation of lessons such as lesson plans, PowerPoints, assessments, rubrics, overhead transparencies, or other instructional materials will be submitted with various Professional Portfolio tasks to demonstrate the events that occurred in the lesson.

Electronic Format for Professional Portfolio

The Professional Portfolio will be submitted electronically through Chalk and Wire.

Use of Submitted Materials

Professional Portfolios and related materials may be used for training scorers or university faculty/supervisors or for purposes of research for validating the assessment. Candidate names, schools, and students' names will be kept absolutely confidential.

Overview of Professional Portfolio

All five tasks listed below must be completed for the lesson chosen for the portfolio.

Task	What to Do	What to submit
1. Context for Learning	✓ Provide relevant information about your instructional context and your students as learners.	☐ Class Profile ☐ Context Commentary
2. Planning Instruction & Assessment	 ✓ Complete the Lesson Plan (Instruction Plan left side of the form). ✓ Write a commentary that explains your thinking behind the plans. 	☐ Lesson Plan ☐ Planning Commentary
3. Instructing Students & Supporting Learning	✓ Write a commentary that analyzes your teaching and your students' learning in the lesson.	☐ Instruction Commentary
4. Assessing Student Learning	 ✓ Select one student assessment from the lesson and analyze student work using evaluative criteria (or a rubric). ✓ Identify three student work samples that illustrate class trends in what students did and did not understand. ✓ Write a commentary that analyzes the extent to which the class met the standards/objectives, analyzes the individual learning of two students represented in the work samples, describes feedback to students, and identifies next steps in instruction. 	☐ Student Work Samples ☐ Evaluative Criteria or Rubric ☐ Assessment Commentary
5. Reflecting on Teaching & Learning	 ✓ Lesson Plan (reflection right side) ✓ Write a commentary about what you learned from teaching this lesson. ✓ Video of lesson* ✓ Self-scored TCRI on video lesson ✓ Write a quality self-reflection that clearly communicates your personal growth and development as it relates to this activity. 	☐ Lesson Plan Reflection ☐ Reflection Commentary ☐ Self-Scored TCRI ☐ Written Self-reflection from video lesson ☐ Video Lesson

*Check with your cooperating teacher and the school principal about the policy for videoing in the school. If necessary, use the Consent Form located in the Professional Portfolio Handbook to obtain parental permission for video/audiotaping the class.

Task 1. Context for Learning

Purpose

The Context for Learning task is a brief overview of important features of your classroom context that influence your instructional decisions during the learning segment. It provides evidence of: 1) your knowledge of your students; and 2) your ability to identify and summarize important factors related to your students' learning and the school environment. You'll be referring to your description of students and the teaching context in your responses in subsequent tasks.

Overview of Task

- Select a central focus for your learning segment and reflect on the relevant features of your classroom context that will impact your planning, instruction, and assessment.
- Provide descriptive information about your instructional context and instructional resources
- Describe important features of your class that will affect your instructional decisions.

What Do I Need to Do?

- ✓ Complete the **Classroom Profile**. The form must be attached to the **Context Commentary**.
- ✓ Respond to each of the prompts in the **Context Commentary**.

Context Commentary

Write a commentary of **3-5 double-spaced pages** (including prompts) that addresses the following prompts. Address each prompt separately.

- 1. Briefly describe the following:
 - a. Type of school/program in which you teach, (e.g., elementary/middle school, or high school)
 - b. Kind of class you are teaching (e.g., third grade self-contained, sixth grade core English/social science)
- 2. Describe your class with respect to the features listed below. **Focus on key factors that influence your planning and teaching of this learning segment**. Be sure to describe what your students <u>can do</u> as well as what they are <u>still learning</u> to do.
 - a. <u>Academic development</u>
 Consider students' prior knowledge, key skills, developmental levels, and other special educational needs.

b. <u>Language development</u>

Consider aspects of language proficiency in relation to the oral and written English required to participate in classroom learning and assessment tasks. Describe the range in vocabulary and levels of complexity of language use within your entire class. If there are English learners in the classroom, describe what your English learners can and cannot yet do in relation to the language demands of tasks in the learning segment.

c. Social development

Consider factors such as the students' ability and experience in expressing themselves in constructive ways, negotiating and solving problems, and getting along with others.

d. Family and community contexts

Consider key factors such as cultural context, knowledge acquired outside of school, socio-economic background, access to technology, and home/community resources.

3. Describe any district, school, or cooperating teacher requirements or expectations that might impact your planning or delivery of instruction, such as required curricula, pacing, use of specific instructional strategies, or standardized tests.

Task 2. Planning Instruction & Assessment

Purpose

The Planning Instruction & Assessment task describes and explains your plans for the lesson. It demonstrates your ability to organize curriculum, instruction, and assessment to help your students meet the standards for the curriculum content and to develop academic language related to that content. It provides evidence of your ability to select, adapt, or design learning tasks and materials that offer your students equitable access to the curriculum content.

Overview of Task

- Identify the central focus, student academic content standards and learning objectives for the lesson.
- Identify objectives for developing student learning, taking into account students' prior knowledge and the academic demands of the learning tasks and assessments.
- Select/adapt/design and organize instructional strategies, learning tasks, and assessments to promote and monitor your students' learning during the lesson.

What Do I Need to Do?

- ✓ Complete the Lesson Plan (Instruction Plan left side of the form).
- ✓ Submit copies of all instructional materials, including class handouts, PowerPoints, and informal and formal assessment tools (including evaluation criteria or rubrics) used during the lesson. If any of these are included from a textbook, please provide a copy of the appropriate pages. If any of these items are longer than **four** pages, provide a summary of relevant features in lieu of a copy.
- ✓ Provide appropriate citations for all materials whose sources are from published text, the Internet, or other educators.
- ✓ Respond to each of the prompts in the Planning Commentary.

Lesson Plan

Complete the Lesson Plan (Instruction Plan left side of the form).

Planning Commentary

Write a commentary of **3-5 double-spaced pages** (including prompts) that addresses the following prompts. Address each prompt separately.

1. What is the central focus of the lesson? Apart from being present in the school curriculum, student academic content standards, Common Core State Standards, or Arkansas standards/frameworks, why is the content of the learning segment important for your particular students to learn?

- 2. How do key learning tasks in your plans build on each other to improve student achievement and understanding? Describe specific research based strategies that you will use to build student learning across the lesson. Reference the instructional strategies you have included.
- 3. Given the description of students that you provided in Task 1.Context for Learning, how do your choices of instructional strategies, materials, technology, and the sequence of learning tasks reflect your students' backgrounds, interests, and needs? Be specific about how your knowledge of **your** students informed the lesson plans, such as the choice of text or materials used in lessons, how groups were formed or structured, using student learning or experiences (in or out of school) as a resource, or structuring new or deeper learning to take advantage of specific student strengths.
- 4. Explain how the assessments from your plan allow you to evaluate your students' learning of specific student standards/objectives and provide feedback to students on their learning.
- 5. Describe any teaching strategies you have planned for your students who have identified educational needs (e.g., English learners, students with IEPs, Gifted and Talented students). Explain how these features of your learning and assessment tasks will provide students access to the curriculum and allow them to demonstrate their learning.

Task 3. Instructing Students & Supporting Learning

Purpose

The Instructing Students & Supporting Learning task illustrates how you work with your students to impact student achievement during instruction. It provides evidence of your ability to engage students in meaningful tasks and monitor their understanding.

Overview of Task

■ Reflect on your lesson and identify learning tasks in which students were actively engaged in learning specific skills and strategies to achieve the lesson objectives.

What Do I Need to Do?

✓ Respond to each of the prompts in the Instruction Commentary.

Instruction Commentary

Write a commentary of **3-5 double-spaced pages** (including prompts) that addresses the following prompts. Address each prompt separately.

- 1. Other than what is stated in the lesson plan(s), what occurred immediately prior to and after the lesson that is important to know in order to understand and interpret the interactions between and among you and your students?
- 2. Describe any routines or working structures of the class (e.g., group work roles, class discussion norms) that were operating in the learning task(s) during the lesson. If specific routines or working structures are new to the students, how did you prepare students for them?
- 3. In the instruction, how did you further the students' knowledge and skills and engage them intellectually to achieve lesson objectives? Provide examples from the lesson of both general strategies to address the needs of all of your students and strategies to address specific individual needs.
- 4. Describe the strategies you used to monitor student learning during the learning task in the lesson. Cite one or two examples of what students said and/or did in the lesson or in assessments related to the lesson that indicated their progress toward accomplishing the lesson's learning objectives.

Task 4. Assessing Student Learning

Purpose

The Assessment of Student Learning task illustrates how you diagnose student learning needs through your analysis of student work samples. It provides evidence of your ability to 1) select an assessment tool and criteria that are aligned with your central focus, student standards, and learning objectives; 2) analyze student performance on an assessment in relation to student needs and the identified learning objectives; 3) provide feedback to students; and 4) use the analysis to identify next steps in instruction for the whole class and individual students.

Overview of Task

- Summarize and analyze meaningful patterns in whole class performance on a selected student assessment **from the lesson**. The assessment should be the work of individuals, not groups.
- Demonstrate a variety of student performances for the assessment using three student work samples, including any feedback you wrote directly on the work. If student work did not produce a work sample, you may use anecdotal records, or other documentation of the student work. In that case, provide copies of the documentation for three students.
- Analyze the performance of two individual students and diagnose individual learning needs.

What Do I Need to Do?

- ✓ Provide a copy of the directions/prompt for the assessment.
- ✓ Collect student work from your entire class. Analyze the student work to identify patterns in understanding across the class.
- ✓ Provide any evaluative criteria (or rubric) that you used to assess the student work. Evaluative criteria are performance indicators that you use to assess student learning. Categories of evaluative criteria include decoding errors during oral reading, use of supporting detail in a paragraph, use of appropriate adverbs to move a story through time.
- ✓ Select three student work samples which together represent what students generally understood and what a number of students were still struggling to understand. If multiple drafts of the assessment were collected, you may include all drafts as the work sample.
- ✓ Label these work samples as "Work Sample 1", "Work Sample 2", and "Work Sample 3". If your students use invented spelling, please write a translation directly on the work sample. Be sure that reviewers can distinguish any written feedback to students from the students' written work.
- ✓ Document your feedback to these three students, either as individuals or as part of a larger group. If it is not written directly on the work sample, provide a copy of any written

feedback or write a summary of oral feedback (summary may be included with Commentary prompt #5 below).

✓ Respond to each of the prompts in the Assessment Commentary.

Assessment Commentary

Write a commentary of **3-5 double-spaced pages** (including prompts) that addresses the following prompts. Address each prompt separately.

- 1. Identify the specific standards/objectives measured by the assessment chosen for analysis.
- 2. Create a summary of student learning across the whole class relative to your evaluative criteria (or rubric). Summarize the results in both a narrative and a graphic form (e.g., table or chart). Attach your rubric or evaluative criteria, and note any changes from what was planned as described in Planning commentary.
- 3. Discuss what most students appear to understand well, and, if relevant, any misunderstandings, confusions, or needs (including a need for greater challenge) that were apparent for some or most students. Cite evidence to support your analysis from the three student work samples or the documentation of student work you selected.
- 4. From the three students whose work samples were selected, choose two students. For these two students, describe their prior knowledge of the content and their individual learning strengths and challenges (e.g., academic development, language proficiency, special needs). What did you conclude about their learning during the lesson? Cite specific evidence from the work samples and from other classroom assessments relevant to the same evaluative criteria (or rubric).
- 5. What oral and/or written feedback was provided to individual students and/or the group as a whole (refer the reviewer to any feedback written directly on submitted student work samples)? How and why do your approaches to feedback support students' further learning? In what ways does your feedback address individual students' needs and learning goals? Cite specific examples of oral or written feedback, and reference the three student work samples (or documentation of student work) to support your explanation
- 6. Based on the student performance on this assessment, describe the **next steps** for instruction for your students. If different, describe any individualized **next steps** for the two students whose individual learning you analyzed. These **next steps** may include a specific instructional activity or other forms of re-teaching to support or extend continued learning of objectives, standards, central focus, and/or relevant academic language for the lesson. In your description, be sure to explain how these **next steps** follow from your analysis of the student performances.

Task 5. Reflecting on Teaching & Learning

Purpose

The Reflecting on Teaching & Learning Task describes what you learned from teaching the lesson. It provides evidence of your ability to analyze your teaching and your students' learning to improve your teaching practice.

Overview of Task

- Record your reflections on the right side of the lesson plan after teaching the lesson, discussing how the lesson went for the class as a whole as well as for specific students.
- Review your reflections and your analyses of the effectiveness of instructional and assessment strategies in lesson. Use these specific analyses and reflections to identify more general patterns within your planning, instruction, and assessment practices across the lesson.
- Reflect on your experience teaching the lesson in light of 1) your observations of the effectiveness of your teaching practice in helping your students learn; and 2) the theoretical perspectives and research principles that you learned during teacher preparation.
- Video your lesson.
- Write a quality self-reflection that clearly communicates your personal growth and development as it relates to the videotaped lesson and self-scored TCRI. (This is in addition to the Reflection Commentary.)

What Do I Need to Do?

- ✓ Complete the reflection side of the lesson plan.
- ✓ Respond to each of the prompts in the Reflection Commentary.
- ✓ Video lesson.
- ✓ Complete a self-scored TCRI on the video lesson.
- ✓ Written self-reflection on lesson and self-scored TCRI. (This is in addition to the Reflection Commentary.)

Reflection Commentary

Write a commentary of **3-5 double-spaced pages** (including prompts) that addresses the following prompts. Address each prompt separately.

1. When you consider the content learning of your students and the development of their academic language, what do you think explains the learning or differences in learning

- that you observed during the lesson? Cite relevant research or theory that explains what you observed. (See Planning Commentary, prompt # 2.)
- 2. Based on your experience teaching this lesson, what did you learn about your students as learners (e.g., easy/difficult concepts and skills, easy/difficult learning tasks, easy/difficult features of academic language, common misunderstandings)? Please cite specific evidence from the lesson as well as **specific** research and theories that inform your analysis.
- 3. If you could go back and teach this lesson again to the same group of students, what would you do differently in relation to planning, instruction, and assessment? How would the changes improve the learning of students with different needs and characteristics?

Candidate Professional Portfolio Scoring Rubric

Candidate Name:	
Program of Study:	
University Supervisor:	
Semester and Year:	
Note: Candidates must obtain a passing sportfolio portion of the internship.	score on each task to pass the
Candidate's Task 1 Score:	(Task 1 - Passing Score 3)
Candidate's Task 2 Score:	(Task 2 - Passing Score 9)
Candidate's Task 3 Score:	(Task 3 - Passing Score 6)
Candidate's Task 4 Score:	(Task 4 - Passing Score 9)
Candidate's Task 5 Score:	(Task 5 - Passing Score 3)
Candidate's Total Score:	(Total - Passing Score 30)

Candidate Signature:	
Date:	
Instructor Signature:	
Date:	

Task 1: Context for Learning

INSTRUCTIONAL CONTEXT AND STUDENTS AS LEARNERS			
How do the key factors influence your planning and teaching of the lesson?			
Unacceptable 1	Needs Improvement 2	Acceptable 3	Target 4
The candidate did not provide relevant information about the academic development, language development, social development, and family and community contexts.	The candidate provides relevant information about the two of the following contexts: academic development, language development, social development, and family and community. Or The information provided was not relevant to the instructional context or to students as learners.	The candidate provides relevant information about the three of the following contexts: academic development, language development, social development, and family and community. Or The information provided was somewhat relevant to the instructional context or to students as learners.	The candidate provides relevant information about the all of the following contexts: academic development, language development, social development, and family and community.
		Task 1 Total	

Task 2: Planning Instruction and Assessment Rubric

ESTABLISHING A BALANCED INSTRUCTIONAL FOCUS How do the plans support student learning of concepts and skills in developmentally appropriate ways?

Unacceptable 1	Needs Improvement	Acceptable 3	Target 4
The standards, learning objectives, learning tasks, and assessments either have no central focus or a one-dimensional focus (e.g., teaching discrete facts or planning activities that do not Target 4 conceptual understanding).	The standards, learning objectives, learning tasks, and assessments have an overall focus that is primarily one-dimensional (e.g., teaching discrete facts or planning activities that do not Target 4 conceptual understanding). A progression of learning tasks and assessments is planned to build limited understanding of the central focus of the lesson plan.	 Learning tasks or the set of assessment tasks focus on multiple dimensions of learning through clear connections. A progression of learning tasks and assessments is planned to build understanding of the central focus of the lesson plan. 	 Both learning tasks and the set of assessment tasks focus on multiple dimensions of learning through clear connections. A progression of learning tasks and assessments guides students to build deep understandings of the central focus of the lesson plan.
MAKING CONTENT ACCESSIBLE How do the plans make the curriculum accessible to the students in the class?			
Unacceptable 1	Needs Improvement 2	Acceptable 3	Target 4
Plans refer to students' experiential backgrounds, interests, or prior learning that have little or no relationship to the lesson plan's standards/objectives. OR There are significant content inaccuracies in plans that will lead to student misunderstandings.	 Plans draw on students' experiential backgrounds, interests, or prior learning to help students reach the lesson plan's standards/objectives. Plans for the implementation of learning tasks include support to help students who often struggle with the content. 	 Plans draw on students' prior learning as well as experiential backgrounds or interests to help students reach the lesson plan's standards/objectives. Plans for learning tasks include scaffolding or other structured forms of support to provide access to grade-level standards/objectives. 	All components of Level 3 plus: • Plans include well- integrated instructional strategies that are tailored to address a variety of specific student learning needs.

DESIGNING ASSESSMENTS				
What opportunities do students have to demonstrate their understanding of the standards and learning objectives?				
Unacceptable 1	Needs Improvement 2	Acceptable 3	Target 4	
There are limited opportunities provided for students to learn what is measured by assessments. OR There is a significant mismatch between one or more assessment instruments or methods and the standards/objectives being assessed.	 Opportunities are provided for students to learn what is assessed. It is not clear that the assessment of one or more standards/objectives go beyond surface-level understandings. 	 Opportunities are provided for students to learn what is assessed. The assessments allow students to show some depth of understanding or skill with respect to the standards/objectives. The assessments access both productive (speaking/writing) and receptive (listening/reading) modalities to monitor student understanding. 	All components of Level 3 plus: • Assessments are modified, adapted, and/or designed to allow students with special needs opportunities to demonstrate understandings and skills relative to the standards/objectives.	
	Task 2 Total			

Task 3: Instructing Students and Supporting Learning Rubric

ENGAGING STUDENTS IN LEARNING

How does the candidate actively engage students to ensure student achievement of the lesson objectives?			
Unacceptable 1	Needs Improvement	Acceptable 3	Target 4
	2	F ************************************	
Students have limited	Strategies for	Strategies for	Strategies for
opportunities in the	intellectual	intellectual	intellectual
lesson to engage with	engagement seen in	engagement seen in	engagement seen in
content in ways likely	the lesson offer	the lesson offer	the lesson offer
to ensure student	opportunities to	structured	structured and
achievement of the	ensure student	opportunities to	explicit opportunities
lesson objectives.	achievement of the	ensure student	to ensure student
OR	lesson objectives.	achievement of the	achievement of
• The lesson does not	lesson objectives.	lesson objectives.	the lesson
focus on the lesson		• These strategies	objectives.
objectives.		reflect attention to	• These strategies are
OR OR		student	explicit, and clearly
• Classroom		characteristics,	reflect attention to
		learning needs,	students with diverse
management is problematic and		and/or language	characteristics,
student behavior		needs.	learning needs,
interferes with		110000	and/or language
learning.			needs.
	ING STUDENT LEAR	MING DUDING INSTR	
	monitor student learning du		
now does the candidate	comments, a		u to student questions,
Unacceptable 1	Needs Improvement 2	1	Target 4
			I di ZCl T
The candidate	The candidate monitors	The candidate	
The candidate primarily monitors	The candidate monitors student understanding		All components of
primarily monitors	student understanding	monitors student	
primarily monitors student understanding	student understanding by eliciting student	monitors student understanding by	All components of Level 3 plus:
primarily monitors student understanding by asking surface -	student understanding by eliciting student responses that	monitors student understanding by using higher level	All components of Level 3 plus: • The candidate elicits
primarily monitors student understanding by asking surface- level questions and	student understanding by eliciting student responses that requires critical	monitors student understanding by using higher level questioning to elicit	All components of Level 3 plus: • The candidate elicits explanations of
primarily monitors student understanding by asking surface -	student understanding by eliciting student responses that requires critical thinking skills.	monitors student understanding by using higher level	All components of Level 3 plus: • The candidate elicits
primarily monitors student understanding by asking surface- level questions and evaluating student	student understanding by eliciting student responses that requires critical thinking skills. • Candidate responses	monitors student understanding by using higher level questioning to elicit student responses	All components of Level 3 plus: • The candidate elicits explanations of student thinking
primarily monitors student understanding by asking surface- level questions and evaluating student responses as correct or incorrect .	student understanding by eliciting student responses that requires critical thinking skills.	monitors student understanding by using higher level questioning to elicit student responses that requires	All components of Level 3 plus: • The candidate elicits explanations of student thinking about the content
primarily monitors student understanding by asking surface- level questions and evaluating student responses as correct or	student understanding by eliciting student responses that requires critical thinking skills. Candidate responses represent reasonable	monitors student understanding by using higher level questioning to elicit student responses that requires critical thinking	All components of Level 3 plus: • The candidate elicits explanations of student thinking about the content and concepts being
primarily monitors student understanding by asking surface- level questions and evaluating student responses as correct or incorrect. • Candidate responses	student understanding by eliciting student responses that requires critical thinking skills. Candidate responses represent reasonable attempts to improve	monitors student understanding by using higher level questioning to elicit student responses that requires critical thinking skills.	All components of Level 3 plus: • The candidate elicits explanations of student thinking about the content and concepts being taught, and uses
primarily monitors student understanding by asking surface- level questions and evaluating student responses as correct or incorrect. Candidate responses are not likely to	student understanding by eliciting student responses that requires critical thinking skills. Candidate responses represent reasonable attempts to improve	monitors student understanding by using higher level questioning to elicit student responses that requires critical thinking skills. • Candidate responses	All components of Level 3 plus: • The candidate elicits explanations of student thinking about the content and concepts being taught, and uses these explanations to further the understanding of
primarily monitors student understanding by asking surface- level questions and evaluating student responses as correct or incorrect. Candidate responses are not likely to promote student	student understanding by eliciting student responses that requires critical thinking skills. Candidate responses represent reasonable attempts to improve	monitors student understanding by using higher level questioning to elicit student responses that requires critical thinking skills. • Candidate responses build on student	All components of Level 3 plus: • The candidate elicits explanations of student thinking about the content and concepts being taught, and uses these explanations to further the
primarily monitors student understanding by asking surface- level questions and evaluating student responses as correct or incorrect. Candidate responses are not likely to promote student thinking.	student understanding by eliciting student responses that requires critical thinking skills. Candidate responses represent reasonable attempts to improve	monitors student understanding by using higher level questioning to elicit student responses that requires critical thinking skills. • Candidate responses build on student input to guide	All components of Level 3 plus: • The candidate elicits explanations of student thinking about the content and concepts being taught, and uses these explanations to further the understanding of
primarily monitors student understanding by asking surface- level questions and evaluating student responses as correct or incorrect. Candidate responses are not likely to promote student thinking. OR Materials or candidate responses include	student understanding by eliciting student responses that requires critical thinking skills. Candidate responses represent reasonable attempts to improve	monitors student understanding by using higher level questioning to elicit student responses that requires critical thinking skills. • Candidate responses build on student input to guide improvement of	All components of Level 3 plus: • The candidate elicits explanations of student thinking about the content and concepts being taught, and uses these explanations to further the understanding of
primarily monitors student understanding by asking surface- level questions and evaluating student responses as correct or incorrect. Candidate responses are not likely to promote student thinking. OR Materials or candidate responses include significant content	student understanding by eliciting student responses that requires critical thinking skills. Candidate responses represent reasonable attempts to improve	monitors student understanding by using higher level questioning to elicit student responses that requires critical thinking skills. • Candidate responses build on student input to guide improvement of	All components of Level 3 plus: • The candidate elicits explanations of student thinking about the content and concepts being taught, and uses these explanations to further the understanding of
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primarily monitors student understanding by asking surface- level questions and evaluating student responses as correct or incorrect. Candidate responses are not likely to promote student thinking. OR Materials or candidate responses include significant content inaccuracies that will lead to student misunderstandings or	student understanding by eliciting student responses that requires critical thinking skills. Candidate responses represent reasonable attempts to improve	monitors student understanding by using higher level questioning to elicit student responses that requires critical thinking skills. • Candidate responses build on student input to guide improvement of	All components of Level 3 plus: • The candidate elicits explanations of student thinking about the content and concepts being taught, and uses these explanations to further the understanding of
primarily monitors student understanding by asking surface- level questions and evaluating student responses as correct or incorrect. Candidate responses are not likely to promote student thinking. OR Materials or candidate responses include significant content inaccuracies that will lead to student	student understanding by eliciting student responses that requires critical thinking skills. Candidate responses represent reasonable attempts to improve	monitors student understanding by using higher level questioning to elicit student responses that requires critical thinking skills. • Candidate responses build on student input to guide improvement of	All components of Level 3 plus: • The candidate elicits explanations of student thinking about the content and concepts being taught, and uses these explanations to further the understanding of all students.

Task 4: Assessing Student Learning Rubric

1 ask 4: Assessing Student Learning Rubric			
ANALYZING STUDENT WORK FROM AN ASSESSMENT			
How does the candidate demonstrate an understanding of student performance with respect to			
standards/objectives?			
Unacceptable 1	Needs Improvement 2	Acceptable 3	Target 4
The criteria/rubric and	• The criteria/rubric and	The criteria/rubric and	All components of Level 3
analysis have little	analysis focus on what	analysis focus on	plus:
connection with the	students did right or	patterns of student	• The criteria/rubric and
identified	wrong in relationship to	errors, misconceptions	analysis focus on partial
standards/objectives.	identified	or alternate	understandings as well.
OR	standards/objectives.	conceptions, skills, and	 The analysis is clear and
• Student work samples do	 The analysis of whole 	understanding to	detailed.
not support the	class performance	analyze student learning	
conclusions in the	describes some	in relation to	
analysis.	differences in levels of	standards/objectives.	
-	student learning for the	 Specific patterns are 	
	content assessed.	identified for	
		individuals or	
		subgroup(s) in addition	
		to the whole class.	
	USING ASSESSMENT T	O INFORM TEACHING	
		ent learning to propose next	
Unacceptable 1	Needs Improvement 2	Acceptable 3	Target 4
Next steps are vaguely	Next steps focus on	Next steps focus on	All components of Level 3
related to or not aligned	improving student	improving student	plus:
with the identified student	performance through	performance through	 Next steps demonstrate a
needs.	general support that	Targeted support to	strong understanding of
OR	addresses some	individuals and groups to	both the identified
Next steps are not described		address specific identified-needs.	content and language
in sufficient detail to	needs.		standards/objectives and
understand them.	• Next steps are based	Next steps are based on	of individual students
OR	on accurate	whole class patterns of	and/or subgroups.
• Next steps are based on	conclusions about	performance and some	
inaccurate conclusions	student performance	patterns for individuals	
about student learning from	on the assessment and	and/or subgroups and	
the assessment analysis.	are described in	are described in sufficient	
	sufficient detail to	detail to understand them.	
	understand them.		
USIN		MOTE STUDENT LEAR	NING
		feedback to students?	
Unacceptable 1	Needs Improvement 2	Acceptable 3	Target 4
 Feedback is general and 	 Timely feedback 	 Specific and timely 	 Specific and timely
provides little guidance	identifies what was	feedback helps the	comments are supportive
for improvement related	done well and areas	student understand	and prompt analysis by
to learning objectives.	for improvement	what s/he has done	the student of his/her
OR	related to specific	well, and gives	own performance.
The feedback contains	learning objectives.	suggestions to guide	• The feedback shows
significant inaccuracies.		improvement.	strong understanding of
			students as individuals
			in reference to the content
			and language objectives
			they are trying to meet.
		Task 4 Total	and a fing to meet.
1		1 a3K + 1 Utal	

Task 5: Reflecting on Teaching and Learning

Tubil et itelleening on Teaching and Zearining			
INSTRUCTIONAL CONTEXT AND STUDENTS AS LEARNERS			
How do analyze your teaching and your students' learning to improve your teaching			
practice?			
Unacceptable 1	Needs Improvement 2	Acceptable 3	Target 4
The candidate did not identify general patterns within the planning, instruction, and assessment practices across the lesson.	• The candidate did not specifically identify general patterns within the planning, instruction, and assessment practices across the lesson.	• The candidate did specifically identify general patterns within the planning, instruction, and assessment practices across the lesson.	• The candidate did specifically identify general patterns within the planning, instruction, and assessment practices across the lesson. The candidate included specific research and theories that informed their analysis.
		Task 5 Total	

VIDEO/AUDIOTAPE CONSENT FORM

The University of Arkansas at Monticello School of Education requires th video/audiotape teaching episodes to improve the quality of their teaching	
I give my permission for my child,video/audio taped for educational purposes only.	, to be
Parent Signature	Date