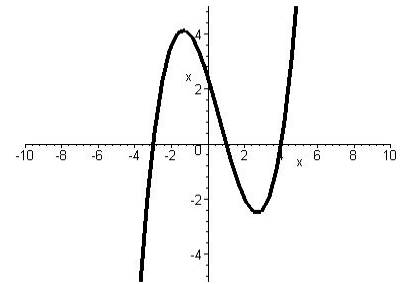


- Find $f^{-1}(x)$ and graph both f and f^{-1} . a) $f(x) = -3x + 4$ b) $f(x) = (x - 2)^3$
 - Sketch the graph of the following quadratic functions. Find the vertex and intercepts.
 - $f(x) = -(x - 2)^2 + 1$
 - $f(x) = 2x^2 - 8x + 5$
 - Let $f(x) = 2x + 2$ and $g(x) = (x - 3)^2, x \geq 3$. Find the inverse functions and graph all of them.
- For problems 4-7 use the graph of the polynomial $P(x)$, at the right

- Find the x -intercepts of $P(x)$ _____
- Find the y -intercept of $P(x)$ is _____
- Find the degree of $P(x)$ _____
- Find a polynomial function representing the graph.



- Find a seventh degree polynomial function that has zeros(x -intercepts): $-2, 0,$ and 1 . _____
- Let $f(x) = 27x^6 + 15x^4 - 3x + 1$.
 - Find the y -intercept of f _____ Find the degree of f _____
 - Determine the end behavior of the graph of the function f _____
- Graph the following polynomial functions. Determine the degree and x -intercept(s).

$$f(x) = x(x - 3)^2$$

$$f(x) = x^2(x - 3)$$

$$f(x) = -2x^2(x - 3)^2$$

For problems 11 and 12 consider the rational function $f(x) = \frac{2x^2 - 3x}{3x^2 - 75}$.

- Find the vertical asymptote(s) of $f(x)$ and the horizontal asymptote of $f(x)$. Find intercepts and graph $f(x)$.
- Find the x intercept, y intercept and the domain of the rational function $f(x) = \frac{2x + 1}{x^2 - x - 2}$. Graph $f(x)$

Graph the following rational functions:

14. $g(x) = \frac{x}{x - 1}$,

15. $f(x) = \frac{x}{(x - 1)^2}$,

16. $h(x) = \frac{x^2}{x - 1}$